



## Funnies—

What do cats call mice on skateboards?

*"Meals on Wheels"*

What do you get when you put three ducks in a box?

*Box of quackers.*

Why did the student eat his homework?

*The teacher told him it was a piece of cake.*

What has ears but can't hear a thing?

*A cornfield.*

What did one knife say to the other?

*Look sharp!*

What did the left eye say to the right eye?

*Between us something smells.*

## Did you know???

### Presidential trivia

\*The 27<sup>th</sup> President, William Hard Taft was the first President to own a car.

\*President Taft weighed 340 lbs. on his inauguration day. Taft got stuck in his bathtub on his Inauguration Day and had to be pried out by his attendants. Taft's special "fat man" bathtub was big enough for four average-sized men.

\*The 32<sup>nd</sup> President, Franklin D Roosevelt was the most superstitious president—he traveled continually but never left on a Friday. He also wouldn't sit at the same table that held thirteen other people.

\*Before winning the election in 1860, Abraham

Lincoln, who was the 16<sup>th</sup> president, lost eight elections for various offices.

\* The 15<sup>th</sup> president, James Buchanan is said to have had the neatest handwriting of all the presidents.

\*The first president to be a Navy veteran was John F. Kennedy. JFK was the 35<sup>th</sup> president. Since President Kennedy, all presidents have been Navy veterans except President Regan, the 40<sup>th</sup> president who was in the Army, President Clinton, the 42<sup>nd</sup> president and President Obama, the 44<sup>th</sup> president who did not serve in the military.

\*The 1<sup>st</sup> president, George

Washington's false teeth were made of whale bone.

\*The 6<sup>th</sup> President, John Quincy Adams owned a pet alligator, which he kept in the East room of the white house.

\*The 38<sup>th</sup> President, Gerald Ford was born Leslie Lynch King Jr. Gerald Ford was once a male model.

\*Gerald Ford was the only man who held both the President and the Vice President offices, but who was not elected to either post.



## What is FDIC Insurance

Banks have insurance to cover bank robberies or if a bank goes out of business or fails. If your account is kept in a Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), your money is insured up to \$250,000. The FDIC is an independent agency of the United States government that protects you against the loss of your deposits. FDIC insurance is backed by the full faith and credit of the United States. Since the FDIC's creation in 1933, no depositor has ever lost even one penny of FDIC-insured deposits. The important thing is to make sure that the bank that you use is a member of the FDIC. FDIC banks have "member-FDIC" notices posted where they can be easily seen.



## Money Facts

**Nickels, dimes and quarters are pickled before they're minted...**It might sound strange, but the blanks used to make these coins really are pickled. They're not soaked in vinegar, like the pickled cucumbers you get on hamburgers. Instead, these cooper-nickel blanks are soaked in a special chemical solution. This "pickling" washes and polishes the blanks.

## U.S. Currency

The paper found in U.S. currency isn't like the paper in your printer. While most paper is made with wood pulp, the paper found in printed money is mostly made up of cotton, silk, and linen.

The cloth like paper, is sometimes called *rag* – *paper* and does not contain any wood pulp. The rag-paper is more durable than regular wood-pulp paper. Since U.S. currency will be folded, crumpled, and stuffed into pockets, wallets, and

machines, this durability is essential.

The paper used in currency is unique in many ways... When the paper is being made, fine red and blue thread-like fibers are added in, for strength and security. A polyester security strip is also embedded into the paper of bills \$5 and larger. The paper has a special chemical property to it so that anti-counterfeit pens, can be used by retailers and banks. A special pen can be use to mark a bill to

prove if it is real or counterfeit. When a mark is placed on a real bill it will stay yellow, if the bill is fake it will turn brown or black.

A few other security features of U.S. currency is the ink used to print the bills is a raise texture and is magnetic. The images on either side of the bill include details too small to print on a regular inkjet printer.

**George Washington was our first President—but not the first President on a circulating coin.**

In 1909, President Lincoln appeared on the one-cent or penny, he became the first real person, as well as the first American president to have his face appear on a regular issue American coin.

*It is almost a worldwide belief that 13 is an unlucky number. Generally you won't see a hotel or motel room numbered 13, or a 13<sup>th</sup> floor. But think about this:*

- \*13 original colonies,
- \*13 signers of the Declaration of Independence
- \*13 strips on our flag
- \*13 steps on the Pyramid
- \*13 letters in, "Annuit Coeptis"
- \*13 letters in "E Pluribus Unum"
- \*13 bars on the shield
- \*13 leaves on the olive branch
- \*13 fruits
- \*13 arrows
- \* 13 stars arranged as a Star of David

**When was paper money first printed in the U.S.?**

The U.S. Department of the Treasury first issued U.S. currency in 1862 to make up for the shortage of coins and to finance the Civil War. There was a shortage of coins because people had started hoarding them. They wanted to hold on to them because the coins were made of gold and silver, and their value didn't seem to change.

**What denominations of bills were first printed?**

The first paper notes were printed in denominations of 1 cent, 5 cents, 25 cents, and 50 cents.

**How long does money last?**

That depends on the denomination of the note. A \$1 bill lasts 18 months, \$5 bill, two years; \$10 bill, three years; \$20 bill, four years; and \$50 & \$100 bills, nine years. Bills that get worn out from everyday use are taken out of circulation and replaced.

**How much money is printed in one day?**

The Bureau of Engraving and Printing produces 38 million notes a day with a face value of approximately \$541 million. That doesn't mean there is \$41 million more money circulating today than there was yesterday. Because 95% of the notes printed each year are used to replace notes already in circulation.



## Design on back of one dollar bill

On the back of the one dollar bill you will find the Great Seal of the United States. The front of the shield shows An American Bald eagle behind our nations shield. The eagle holds an olive branch, which symbolizes peace, with 13 berries and 13 leaves. In 1 talon, the eagle holds 13 arrows, which represents war. The 13 leaves represent the original colonies; the eagle's head is turned toward the olive branch, showing a desire for peace. The top of the shield represents the Congress, the head of the eagle the Executive Branch, and the feathers the Judiciary branch of our government. The 13-letter motto, "E Pluribus Unum," on the ribbon in the eagle's beak means "Out of Many, One."

On the reverse of the seal is a pyramid with 1776 in Roman numerals at the base. The pyramid stands for permanence and strength. The pyramid is unfinished, signifying the United States' future growth and perfection. A sunburst and an eye are above the pyramid, representing the overseeing eye of the deity. Above the pyramid, a 13-letter motto, "Annuit Coeptis", which means, "He has favored our undertakings." Below the pyramid; the words, "Novus Ordo Seclorum" which means; "A new order of the ages," standing for the new American era.

